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WEBSTER VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Minden, Louisiana

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 2-8-66

Marsha O. Millican Certified Public Accountant Shreveport, Louisiana

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc. Minden, Louisiana

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005 which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc., management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc. as of June 30, 2005, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis presented on pages 3 through 11 and the supplementary financial information required by GASB 34 on pages 41 through 45 and supplementary financial information required by GOEA on pages 46 and 47, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, I did not audit information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued a report dated July 22, 2005 on my consideration of Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of my audit.

Certified Public Accountant

Marsha O. Millian

July 22, 2005

Webster Parish Council On Aging

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

This section of the Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc. 's annual financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2005. Please read it in conjunction with the Council's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Council showed a net increase in overall net assets of \$22,632 or 5.8% this year.
- Net Capital Assets of the Council increased by \$48,162.
- No deficit fund balances exist at year end.
- Investments decreased by \$26,283 or \$6.9% this year.
- The unreserved, undesignated fund balance for the Council's General Fund was \$351,426 at year-end, which is a \$5,035 decrease from the prior year.

HOW TO USE THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 12 and 13) provide information about the activities of the Council as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Council's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 14. For governmental activities, in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Council's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Council's most significant funds.

Our auditor has provided assurance in her independent auditor's report, located immediately after this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. The auditor is providing varying degrees of assurance about Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASB Statement 34 and Supplementary Financial Information Required by GOEA and OMB

Circular A-133 that follow later in this reporting package. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each part of the financial section of the report.

Reporting the Council as a Whole Using Government-Wide Statements

Our analysis of the Council as a whole begins on page 7. An important question to ask about the Council's finances is, "Is the Council as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (referred to collectively as the Government-Wide Financial Statements) report information about the Council as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Government-Wide statements can be found on pages 12 to 13 and report the Council's net assets and changes in them. Some of the net assets are restricted which means they can only be used for a specific purpose. The Statement of Net Assets is designed to present the financial position of the Council as of year-end. Over time, increases or decreases in the Council's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, to assess the overall financial position of the Council, you will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, such as the condition of the Council's capital assets and facilities, the addition or termination of grants and other revenue sources, and the expansion or contraction of programs and services.

The Statement of Activities provides information that shows how the Council's net asset changed as a result of this year's activities. All of the Council's significant activities are reported in the Statement of Activities. These activities include Administration function and a Health, Welfare, and Social Services The Health, Welfare, and Social Services function is function. comprised of various programs that include various supportive social services, nutritional services, utility assistance, and disease prevention and health promotion. All activities of the Council are considered to be governmental activities. governmental activity is one where the Council uses money it receives from government grants and contracts, along with donations from the general public, to pay for the services it provides to the general public, or a segment of the general public, such as the elderly. In other words, the people benefitting from the services are not required to pay for what they receive. If the Council

charged fees to cover all or most of the cost of providing a service, that activity would be classified as a business-type activity. The Council does not have any business-type activities.

Reporting the Council's Most Significant Funds using Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the Council's major funds begins on page 7. The Fund Financial Statements can be found on pages 14 to 16 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Council as a whole. In the Fund Financial Statements you will see a General Fund and a variety of Special Revenue Funds. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. By using separate funds to track revenues and expenditures, we can control and manage funds for particular purposes or we can show that the fund is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain grants and other money.

The General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are considered governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily The governmental fund statements provide a converted to cash. detailed short-term view of the Council's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Council's programs. We have presented the difference between the net assets of governmental activities and the fund balances of the governmental funds in a reconciliation at the bottom of the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds. In addition, the difference between the change in net assets governmental funds and the change in net assets for governmental activities has been presented in a reconciliation on separate page that follows the Statement of Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the Governmental Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17 to 41. You should read the notes before making assumptions or drawing conclusions about the Council's financial condition.

Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASD Statement 34

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 requires budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and each <u>major</u> Special Revenue Fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The schedules compare the original and final appropriated budgets' to actual budget results for the Council's fiscal year. We have also opted to present positive and negative variances between the final budget and actual amounts.

Major funds are those funds whose revenues, expenditures, assets, or liabilities are at least 10% of corresponding totals for all governmental funds. In addition, a major fund could be a fund that does not meet these criteria but which we believe is important to present for the Council's financial statement users.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is also required supplementary information (RSI) by GASB Statement 34. However, it is presented as the first item in this reporting package and not with the other RSI by GASB Statement 34.

Other Supplementary Financial Information Required by GOEA and OMB Circular A-133

The Council has also presented other required supplemental information in this report package.

The Governor's Off ice of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) has required the Council to present as schedules the information on pages 46 to 47. This information will be used by GOEA to verify the accuracy of information the Council submitted to it during the year and to help GOEA monitor certain compliance requirements set forth in the grants that it has with the Council.

AN ANALYSIS OF THE COUNCIL AS A WHOLE USING GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table reflects condensed information on the Council's net assets for the year ended June 30,

	2005	2004
Current and other assets	\$ 368,283	\$ 389,204
Capital Assets, net of depreciation	53,600	5,438
Total Assets	417,863	394,642
Compensated Absences	9,286	8,684
Other Liabilities		13
Total Liabilities	9,286	8,697
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Assets	53,600 16,857 <u>342,140</u> \$ 408,577	5,438 32,730 <u>347,777</u> \$ 385,945

As of June 30, 2005, the Council "as a whole" had assets greater than its liabilities by \$408,577.

The net assets that have been invested in capital assets are presented net of any related outstanding debt incurred to acquire them. For June 30, 2005, there is no debt that has been subtracted from the capital asset amounts. Our policy is to acquire capital assets by paying cash and avoiding debt. This policy helps to assure us that decreases in the Council's future revenues won't impact its ability to provide a certain level of service to our clients and program participants.

The liability for compensated absences represents what the Council would owe to its employees as of year-end for unused vacation leave. If employee vacation patterns are similar from year to year and if the number of employees remains about the same, then the amount owed at year-end will not change very much from year to year. This liability could adversely affect the Council's financial position if we were to have to lay off a significant portion of our workforce. This event would trigger the immediate payment of unused vacation to the terminated employees resulting in the Council having to use unrestricted net assets to make the payments.

For the year ended June 30, 2005, total revenue exceeded total expenses as follows:

Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 515,782	\$ 529,747
General Revenues:		
Unrestricted Grants and Contributions	89,691	43,666
Other General Revenues	6,238	7,192
Total Revenues	611,711	580,605
Direct Program Expenses of the Health,		
Welfare, and Social Services Function:		
Supportive Services:		
Recreation	30,505	28,320
Homemaker	56,705	57,912
Information and Assistance	4,412	3,165
Legal Assistance	3,584	3,584
Outreach	2,282	1,784
Transportation	33,267	28,992
Nutrition Services:		
Congregate Meals	96,130	98,342
Home Delivered Meals	134,171	125,176
Utility Assistance	6,211	8,609
Disease Prevention and Health Promotion	3,129	3,240
National Family Caregiver Support	25,273	25,951
Direct Administration Expenses	193,410	<u>174,391</u>
Total Expenses	<u>589,079</u>	559,466
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ 22,632	<u>\$ 21,139</u>

AN ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Most of the Council's activities are funded by federal, state, and local grants. These grants amount to approximately 88% of the revenues of the Council in 2005. Some of these grants are restricted which means that the money can only be used in certain programs. The amount of funds available from most of the grants remains rather constant from year to year, however, some grant amounts may change based upon the level of service provided by the Council under the terms of the particular grant award.

The Council also receives donations from its clients and the general public. These revenues help to lessen the financial burden on the Council and allow it to maintain and expand services. Public support revenues represented 14% of the total revenues of 2005.

The Council invests idle funds and is able to earn some interest on this money each year. The investment earnings are used or accumulated as necessary to meet expenses each year.

When reviewing the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, there are relationships that are important to the understanding of the Council's operations. The Council's largest activities are related to supportive services and nutrition services. The Council's main focus is to meet the needs of the elderly citizens of Webster Parish. There is a high demand for these services; therefore, resources are channeled to meeting the demand.

AN ANALYSIS OF THE COUNCIL'S FUNDS USING GOVERNMENTAL FUND - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Balances

The Council showed a combined governmental fund balance of \$364,263. (as shown on the Fund Financial Statement's balance sheet at page 14) at the end of this year, which is an decrease of \$24,928 versus last year.

Revenues

The combined fund revenues increased \$31,106 this year versus last year, or 5%. This increase was due mainly to a grant from Department of Transportation and Development of \$26,845 for the purchase of a van and the donation of a building from the Town of Cotton Valley for \$20,000.

Expenditures

Total expenditures increased by \$83,276 this year, or 15%. A significant portion of this increase was capital outlay of \$58,584.

AN ANALYSIS OF THE GENERAL FUND BUDGET

Over the course of this past fiscal year the budget was amended one time which was approved by the Board of Directors. The amendment effectively approves any expenditure that had already been incurred that exceeded its original budgeted amount. The primary reasons for amending the budget are to account for unanticipated changes in both revenues and expenditures and to prevent compliance violations under the Council's grants from GOEA.

You can find schedules of the original and amended budgets for the General Fund in the Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASB Statement 34 section of this report on pages 42 to 45. When you review the budget versus actual schedule, you will note that the favorable and unfavorable variances are not very large. This is a result of the budget amendment process, which allows us the opportunity to use hindsight to adjust the forecast that it made at the beginning of the year. With only two months left in the fiscal year at the time the budget is amended, the risk of a significant budget overrun is reduced because of our ability to more accurately predict what will occur over a shorter period of time versus a longer period of time.

AN ANALYSIS OF CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the year, the Council had \$53,600 in fixed assets net of accumulated depreciation. This amounted to a net increase of \$48,162 from the prior year which is due to the current year additions of \$58,584 less current year depreciation of \$10,422.

The Council does not have any long-term debt related to its capital assets and does not like to incur any as a matter of policy. We have already discussed the nature and effects of the compensated absence liability.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The council receives most of its funding from federal and state agencies. Because of this, the source of income for the Council is rather steady. However, some of the Council's grants and contracts are contingent upon the level of service provided by the Council, and therefore, revenues may vary from year to year. In setting its budget for fiscal year 2006, it was important that we deliver at least the same level of service to our clients and the public as we did in 2005. All of the Council's grants and contracts from the usual federal and state agencies have been approved for FY 2006. There have been no significant changes to the funding levels or terms of the grants and contracts. Accordingly, we have set our initial budget to provide the same programs and levels of service next year. GOEA has also approved the Council's budget for next year. There are no plans to add any significant programs for next year.

CONTACTING THE COUNCIL'S MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide government agencies and the general public an overview of the Council's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money that it receives. If you have any questions about this report or wish to ask for more information, you should contact Mrs. Dathene Brown, the Council's Executive Director, at the Council's main office located at 316 McIntyre, Minden, Louisiana, or by phone at 318-371-3056.

Government Wide Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2005

		rnmental ivities
Assets Cash Investments Grants and contracts receivable Prepaid insurance Capital assets, net of	\$	3,495 352,375 6,793 1,600
accumulated depreciation		53,600
Total assets	\$	417,863
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued compensated absences: Current portion Non-current portion	\$	- 1,485 7,801
Total liabilities	\$	9,286
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, net of debt Restricted for: Utility Assistance Nutrition Services FEMA Unrestricted	\$	53,600 771 10,040 2,026 342,140
Total Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	408,577

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

WEBSTER VOLUNTARY COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

2005
30,
June
ended
Year
the
For

Functions/Programs Governmental Activities

Net (Expenses)
Revenues and
Increases
(Decrease) in Net

					Prod	Program Revenues		Assets	
				Charges	1		Capital	Total	!
				For	Oper	Operating Grants	Grants and	Governmental	
	Direct		Expenses Indirect Expenses	s Services		and Contributions	Contributions	Activities	ì
ctions/Programs									
Governmental Activities									
Health, Welfare & Social Services:									
Supporting Services:									
Recreation	∽	30,505 \$	13,159	ا ج	\$	40,088	ļ	\$ (3,576)	
Homemaker		56,705	23,258	ı		74,509	1	(5, 454)	
Information and Assistance		4,412	1,902	I		5,798	J	(516)	
Legal Assistance		3,584	I	l		3,584	ı	` ·	
Outreach		2,282	984	1		2,991		(275)	
Transportation		33,267	15,524	1		43,713		(8,078)	
Nutrition Services:									
Congregate Meals		96,130	44,548	ı		128,692	1	(11,986)	
Home Delivered Meals		134,171	52,211	I		142,210	1	(44,172)	
Utility Assistance		6,211	131	I		4,645	1	(1,697)	
Disease Prevention and Health Promotion		3,129	1,254	ı		4,329		(54)	
National Family Caregiver Support		25,273	10,736	1		35,520		(488)	
Administration	j	193,410	(163, 707)	1		29, 703	•	1	
Total governmental activities	S	\$ 670,683	ı	ςς. Ι	S	515,782	1	\$ (73,297)	
	Gene Gra	General Revenues: Grants and cont: Miscellaneous	eneral Revenues: Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Miscellaneous	stricted	to spec	cific programs		89, 691	
		Total genera	Total general revenues and special items	special i	rems			95, 929	
	Incr	Increase (Decreas Net assets - hegi	(Decrease) in net assets s - beginning of the year					385, 945	
	Net	Net assets - end of the year	of the year	i S				\$ 408,577	
	The	accompanying	The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.	tegral pa	rt of t	his statement	•		

Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc, Balance Sheet Govenmental Funds

June 30, 2005

					June	June 30, 2005				
	General	Fund	Title III	B Title	IIIC-1	General Fund Title IIIB Title IIIC-1 Title III C-2	C-2	Non-Major Funds	Total	
Assets				I						
Cash	, S	495	ı	¢Դ-	ı	s.	1	1	\$ 3,495	
Investments	352,	352,375	ı		1		ı	í	352,375	
Grants and contracts receivable		1	1		ι		1	6, 793	6,793	
Due from other funds	10,	10,813	١		1		,	12,837	23, 651	
Prepaid insurance	1,	1,600	1		1		1	l I	1,600	
Total Assets	\$ 368,283	283	ا د	υ,		S	,	\$ 19,630	\$ 387,914	
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable		1	ı		1		1	ı	ı	
Due to other funds	791	857						6, 793	23,651	
Total Liabilities	16,	16,857	ı		١		į	6, 793	23,651	
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for:										
Utility assistance		1	í		1		ì	171	771	
Nutrition assistance		ı	ı		ı		1	10,040	10,040	
FEMA		1	ı	•	ι		1	2,026	2,026	
Unreserved//Undesignated:										
General Fund	351,	351,426	ı		1		ι	1	351,426	
Special Revenue Fund		.	1		1		,	1	1	
Total Fund Balances	351,426	426			1		,	12,837	364,263	
Total Liabilities and Fund										
Balances	\$ 368,283	283	1	_የ	1	₩	,	\$ 19,630	\$ 387,914	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:
- Compensated absences are not paid for out of current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds

(9,286) 53,600

\$ 408,577

- Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

REVENUES	<u>General</u>	Supportive Services	C-1		Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	Total
Intergovernmental:						
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs Webster Parish	\$21,048	\$ 97,281	\$ 87,932	\$ 95,801	\$ 144,163	\$ 446,225
Police Jury	23,000	_	_	_	_	23,000
DOTD	26,845	_	-	-	_	26,845
Town of Cotton Valley Federal Emergency	20,000	_	-	-	-	20,000
Food & Shelter Public Support:	-	-	-	-	2,000	2,000
Unrestricted	19,846	-	-	-	-	19,846
Restricted - Utility	_	_			4 645	4 645
Programs Client Contributions	_	13,225	22,492	24,512	4,645 2,683	4,645 62,912
Miscellaneous	6,238					6,238
Total revenues	116,977	110,506	110,424	120,313	153,491	611,711
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>						
Health, Welfare & Social						
Services Current:						
Salaries	703	113,793	48,517	61,603	45,022	269,638
Fringe	1	8,739	3,468	5,026	3,559	20,793
Travel	667	7,047	798	13,520	1,841	23,873
Operating services	5,182	35,070	10,960	12,018	11,942	75,172
Operating supplies	291	13,535	2,598	2,948	7,960	27,332
Other costs	1	83	432	456	228	1,200
Meals	-	-	66,608	87,228	_	153,836
Utility assistance	-	_	-	-	6,211	6,211
Capital outlay	<u>58,584</u>					<u>58,584</u>
Total expenditures	65,429	<u>178,267</u>	133,381	<u>182,799</u>	76,763	636,639
Excess (deficiency) of	•					
revenues over	E1 E40		/ 00 057V		55 500	
expenditures	51,548	(67,761)	(22,957)	(62,486)	76,728	(24,928)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (U	SES)					
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	(56,583)		22,957	62,486	<u>(96,621</u>)	153,204 <u>(153,204</u>)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other						
sources over expenditures and						
other uses	(5,035)) -	-	-	(19,893)	(24,928)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)						
Beginning of year						
(deficit)	356,461				32,730	<u>389,191</u>
End of year	\$ <u>351,426</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ 12,837</u>	<u>\$ 364,263</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental
Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net Increase (Decrease) in fund balances total governmental funds \$(24,928)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$58,584) exceed depreciation (\$10,422) in the current period

48,162

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated absences

(602)

Increase (Decrease) of net assets of governmental activities

22,63

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

A. Purpose of the Council on Aging:

The purpose of the Council is to collect facts and statistics and make special studies of conditions employment, financial pertaining to the recreation, social adjustment, mental and physical health or other conditions affecting the welfare of the aging people in Webster Parish; to keep abreast of the latest developments in-these fields of throughout Louisiana and the United States: interpret its findings to the citizens of the parish; provide for a mutual exchange of ideas information on the parish and state level; to conduct public meetings to make recommendations for needed improvements and additional resources; to promote the welfare of aging people when requested to do so; to coordinate and monitor services of other local agencies serving the aging people of the parish; and to assist and cooperate with the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) other departments of state and local elderly; government serving the and recommendations relevant to the planning and delivery of services to the elderly of the parish.

Specific services provided by the Council to the elderly residents of Webster Parish include providing congregate and home delivered meals, nutritional education, personal care, information and assistance, outreach, material aid, utility assistance, homemakers, recreation, legal assistance, health promotion, and transportation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity:

In 1964, the State of Louisiana passed Act 456 authorizing the charter of a voluntary council on aging for the welfare of the aging people in each parish of Louisiana. However, before the council on aging can begin operations in a specific parish, its application for a charter must receive approval from the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs pursuant to LA R.S. 46:1602. The functions of each council on aging in Louisiana must comply with the objectives of state laws and are governed by the policies and regulations established by GOEA.

The Webster Voluntary Council on Aging is a legally separate, non- profit, quasi-public corporation. It received its charter and began operations on October 19, 1970.

A board of directors, consisting of 11 voluntary members, who serve three-year terms, governs the Council. The board of directors is comprised of, but not limited to, representatives of the Parish's elderly population, general public, private businesses, and elected public officials. Board members are elected annually in the following manner:

- 3 members are selected from the general public to represent all sections of the parish and are drawn from, but not limited to, civic organizations, governmental agencies, business, and religious groups.
- 11 representatives, who must reside in the districts that they represent, are selected from each of the 2 Parish Council districts, to represent the elderly population in their respective districts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30,2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity: - (Continued)

Membership in the Council is open at all times, without restriction, to all residents of Webster Parish who have reached the age of majority and who express an interest in the Council and wish to contribute to or share in its programs. Membership fees are not charged.

Based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, the Webster Voluntary Council on Aging is not a component unit of another primary government nor does it have any component units that are related to it. In addition, based on the criteria set forth in GASB Codification section 2100, the council has presented its financial statements as a primary government, because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. As used in GASB Statement 14, the term fiscally independent means that the council may, without approval or consent of governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. As previously mentioned, GOEA establishes the policies and regulations that all councils must follow. Included in its policies is a provision that the Council's budget be approved by GOEA. However, this approval process is part of GOEA's general oversight responsibility for the council and is ministerial or compliance oriented more substantive.

Accordingly, the Council is viewed as being fiscally independent for purposes of applying the reporting entity criteria of GASB Statement 14.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Presentation of Statements:

The Council's statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in States of America as applicable to United governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 Board do not conflict with or (when applicable) that contradict GASB pronouncements.

The council has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds; however, the Council has chosen not to do so because it does not have any business-type activities or enterprise funds. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Council are discussed below.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant requirements in the Statement include the following:

A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Council's overall financial position and results of operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

C. Presentation of Statements (Continued)

Governmental-Wide Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Council's activities.

A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These requirements are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements). The Council has complied with the general provisions of the GASB Statement 34.

D. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The Council's basic financial statements include both Government-Wide (reporting the Council as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Council Is major funds). Both the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Council's functions and programs have been classified as governmental activities. The Council does not have any business-type activities, fiduciary funds, or any component units that are fiduciary in nature. Accordingly, the Government-Wide financial statements - do not include any of these activities or funds.

In the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental type activities column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Council's net assets are reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 ~ Summary of Significant Accounting Policies ~ (Continued)

D. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

net assets. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets. Restricted net assets consist of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of or (2) law through constitutional other governments; provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net assets include all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

The Council's policy is to use restricted resources first to finance its activities except for nutrition services. When providing nutrition services, revenues earned by the Council under its USDA contract with GOEA can only be used to pay for the raw food component of each meal that is bought and served to a person eligible to receive a meal under one of the nutrition programs. The Council's management has discretion as to how and when to use the USDA revenues when paying for nutrition program costs. Quite often unrestricted resources are available for use that must be consumed or they will have to be returned to GOEA. In such cases it is better for management to elect to apply and consume the unrestricted resources before using the restricted resources. As a result, the Council will depart from its usual policy of using restricted resources first.

The Government-Wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Council's functions and significant programs. Many functions and programs are supported by general government revenues like intergovernmental revenues, and unrestricted net

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

D. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

investment income, particularly if the function or The Statement of Activities program has a net cost. begins by presenting gross direct and indirect expenses that include depreciation, and then reduces the expenses by related program revenues, such as operating capital grants and contributions, to derive the net cost of each function or program. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or program to be used to directly offset its cost. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. The Council did not receive any capital-specific grants this year.

The Council allocates its indirect costs among various functions and programs in accordance with Circular A-87. The Statement of Activities shows this allocation in a separate column labeled "indirect cost allocation." In addition, GOEA provides grant funds to help the Council pay for a portion of its indirect costs. As a result, only the indirect costs in excess of the GOEA funds are allocated to the Council's other functions and programs.

The Government-Wide Statements focus upon the Council's ability to sustain operations and the change in its net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements:

The financial transactions of the Council are reported in individual funds in the Fund Financial Statements. The operations of each—fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The Council uses governmental fund types. The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is on determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than on net income. An additional emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental fund types. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Council or if its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.

Governmental fund equity is called the fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved being further split into designated and undesignated. Reserved means that the fund balance is not available for expenditure because resources have already been expended (but not consumed), or a legal restriction has been placed on certain assets that makes them only available to meet future obligations. Designated fund balances result when management tentatively sets aside or earmarks certain resources to expend in a designated manner. In contrast to reserved fund balances, designated amounts can be changed at the discretion of management.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Basic Financial Statements: Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Council:

- The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Council. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

A large percentage of the Council's special revenue funds are Title III funds. These funds are provided by the United States Department of Health and Human Services - Administration on Aging to the Governor's office of Elderly Affairs, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the council.

The Council has established several special revenue funds. The following is a brief, description of each special revenue fund's purpose:

Major Special Revenue Funds

The Title III B Fund is used to account for funds, which are used to provide various units of supportive social services to the elderly. GOEA has established the criteria for defining a qualifying

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

unit of service for each Title III program. Specific supportive social services, along with the number of units provided during the fiscal year, are as follows:

Units

		0111 00
•	Information and Assistance	558
•	Outreach	153
•	Homemaker	4,547
•	Transportation for people	
	age 60 or older	4,908
•	Legal	54
•	Utility Assistance	87
-	oritich voorgrance	0 /

The Title III C-1 Fund is used to account for funds that are used to provide nutritional, congregate meals to the elderly at meal sites located in Minden and surrounding areas. During the year the Council served 27,454 meals to people eligible to participate in this program. In addition to the meals serviced, the Council also provided 41 units of nutritional education to eligible participants.

The Title III C-2 Fund is used to account for funds that are used to provide nutritional meals to homebound older persons. Using Title III C-2 funds the Council served 36,062 meals during the year to people eligible to participate in this program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

e. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements - (Continued)

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

The Title III C Area Agency Administration Fund is used to account for a portion of the indirect costs of administrating the Council's programs. Each fiscal year GOEA provides the Council with funds to help pay for the costs of administering the Council's special programs for the elderly. The amount of funding is not enough to pay for all the indirect costs. As a result, the Council will allocate its indirect costs to this fund first. Once the GOEA funds are completely used, any indirect costs, in excess of the funds provided by GOEA, are distributed to other funds and programs using a formula based on the percentage each program's direct costs bear to direct costs for all programs.

The Title III D Fund is used to account for funds used for disease prevention and health promotion activities. During the year 6,471 units of wellness service were provided to eligible participants in this program.

The Senior Center Fund is used to account for the administration of Senior Center program funds appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature to GOEA, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council. The purpose of this program is to provide a community service center at which elderly people can receive supportive social services and participate in activities which foster their independence, enhance their dignity, and encourage their involvement in and with the community. The senior center for Webster Parish is located in Minden. Senior Center funds can be used at management's discretion to support any of the Council's programs that benefit the elderly. Accordingly, during the fiscal year, the Senior Center Fund transferred all of its grant revenue to the Title III B Fund to

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements - (Continued)

subsidize that program's cost of providing supportive services to elderly persons who use the senior center.

The Nutritional Services Incentive Fund is used to account for the administration of the Food Distribution Program provided by the United State Department of Agriculture through the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council. GOEA distributes funds to each parish council on aging in Louisiana based on how many meals each council on aging served in the previous year in relation to the total meals served statewide by all councils. The primary purpose of the NSI reimbursement is to provide money to the Council so that United States food and commodities may be purchased to supplement nutrition programs.

The Utility Assistance Fund is used to account for the administration of utility assistance programs that are sponsored by local utility companies. The companies collect contributions from service customers and remit the funds to the parish councils on the aging to provide assistance to the elderly for the payment of utility bills. The Council receives its Project Care donations directly from Entergy Corporation. LP&L Helping Hands donations are provided through the Louisiana Association of councils on Aging, Inc. (LACOA). During the year, the Council was able to provide 87 units of service with these funds.

The Audit Fund is used to account for funds received from the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs that are restricted to use as a supplement to pay for the cost of having an annual audit of the Council's financial statements. The cost allocated to this fund is equal to the GOEA supplement. Excess audit costs have been distributed to other funds and programs using the Council's indirect cost allocation formula.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements - (Continued)

The Supplemental Senior Center Fund was established to account for funds that were appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature for the various councils on aging throughout Louisiana to supplement each council's primary grant for senior center operations and activities. The Webster Council on Aging, Inc. was one of the parish councils to receive a supplemental grant of \$3,835.

The money received by this fund during the year was transferred to Title III B Supportive Services to supplement programs.

The Title III E Care-giver Fund provides systems of support services for family care-givers and for older individuals who are relative care givers.

F. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual Basis - Government-Wide Statements (GWFS):

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the Council as a whole. Both of these statements have been prepared using the economic measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

2. Modified Accrual Basis - Fund Financial Statements (FFS):

The accounting financial and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of transaction can determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

The Council considers all revenues "available" if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exceptions to this general rule are that (1) unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, are recorded when due and (2) claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid with expendable available financial resources.

G. Interfund Activity:

Interfund activity is reported as either loans or transfers. Loans between funds are reported interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. permanent reallocation Transfers represent a Transfers between funds are resources between funds. netted against one another as part of the reconciliation of the change in fund balances in the fund financial statements to the change in net assets in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Investments:

GASB Statement 31 requires the Council to report its investments at fair value, except for investments in non-participating interest-earning contracts, such as non-negotiable certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates. This type of investment is reported using a cost- based measure, provided that the fair market value of the contract is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or other factors.

I. Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures:

Prepaid expenses include amounts paid for services in advance. These are shown as assets on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets.

In the Fund Financial Statements, the Council has elected not to include amounts paid for future services as expenditures until those services are consumed to comply with the cost reimbursement terms of grant agreements. As a result, the prepaid expenditures are shown as an asset on the balance sheet of the Fund Financial Statements until they are consumed. In addition, a corresponding amount of the fund balance of the General Fund has been reserved to reflect the amount of fund balance not currently available for expenditure.

J. Capital Assets:

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets that have been purchased or acquired with an original cost of at least \$1,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Capital Assets: (Continued)

and that have an estimated useful life of greater than one year. When purchased or acquired, these assets are recorded as capital assets in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. In contrast, in the Fund Financial Statements, capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the fund that provided the resources to acquire the asset. If the asset was purchased, it is recorded in the books at its cost. If the asset was donated, then it is recorded at its estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

For capital assets recorded in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, depreciation is computed and recorded using the straight-line method for the asset's estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: Building improvements - 20 years, equipment and vehicles - 5 - 7 years, computers - 3 years. Depreciation is not computed or recorded on capital assets for purposes of the Fund Financial Statements.

K. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and petty cash. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at their carrying amounts that equal their fair values.

L. Unpaid Compensated Absences:

The Council's policies for vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. Accordingly, a liability for the unpaid vacation leave has been recorded in the Government-Wide Statements. Management has estimated the current and long-term portions of this liability based on historical trends. The amount accrued as

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

L. Unpaid Compensated Absences: (Continued)

the compensated absence liability was determined using the number of vested vacation hours for each employee multiplied by the employee's wage rate in effect at the end of the year.

In contrast, the governmental funds in the Fund Financial Statements report only compensated absence liabilities that are pavable expendable available financial resources to extent that the liabilities mature (or come due for payment). Vacation leave does not come due for payment until an employee makes a request to use it emplovment with terminates the Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued as fund liabilities as of year-end in the Fund Financial Statements. The differences in the methods of accruing compensated absences creates a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide financial statement presentations.

The Council's sick leave policy does not provide for the vesting of sick leave thereby requiring the employee to be paid for any unused leave upon termination of, employment. Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued as unpaid compensated absences in the Government-Wide Financial Statements relative to sick leave.

M. Allocation of Indirect Expenses:

The Council reports all direct expenses by function and programs of functions in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function or program. Indirect expenses are recorded as direct expenses of the Administration function. GOEA provides funds to partially subsidize the Council's Administration

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

M. Allocation of Indirect Expenses: (Continued)

function. The unsubsidized net cost of the Administration function is allocated using a formula that is based primarily on the relationship the direct cost a program bears to the direct cost of all programs. There are some programs that cannot absorb any indirect cost allocation according to their grant or contract limitations.

N. Management's Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Elimination and Reclassifications:

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Assets and, the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

P. Deferred Revenues:

The Council reports deferred revenues on its Statement of Net Assets and on the balance sheet of the Fund Financial Statements. Deferred revenues arise when the Council receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received before the occurrence of qualifying

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

P. Deferred Revenues: (Continued)

expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Council has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Note 2 - Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recorded in the Government-Wide Statements when they are earned under the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recorded in the Fund Financial Statements using the modified accrual basis of accounting. in applying the susceptible to accrual concept using this basis of accounting, intergovernmental grant revenues, program service fees, and interest income are usually both measurable and available. However, the timing and amounts of the receipts of public support and miscellaneous revenues are often difficult to measure; therefore, they are recorded as revenue in the period received.

Note 3 - Cash

The Council maintains a consolidated bank account to deposit most of the monies it collects and to pay its bills. The consolidated bank account is available for use by all funds. The purpose of consolidated account is to reduce facilitate administration costs and management. The consolidated account also allows those funds with available cash resources to temporarily cover any negative cash balances in other funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 3. Cash (Continued)

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Council's cash balances on the books, which includes \$500 of petty cash, was \$3,495, whereas the related bank cash balances totaled \$28,299. The difference in the book and bank balances for cash relates primarily to deposits made and checks written which did not clear the bank accounts by year-end. All bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance.

Note 4 - Investments

The Council's primary purpose for investing is to earn interest income on money that its management has determined to be in excess of immediate cash needs. Louisiana Revised Statute 33:2955 sets forth a list of the types of investments in which a political subdivision may invest its temporarily idle funds.

At year-end, the Council's investments consisted of certificates of deposit.

Investments of \$260,000 are covered by federal deposit insurance. Investments of \$92,375 are collateralized by securities held by the depository bank in the Council's name.

Note 5 - Government Grants and Contracts Receivable

Government grants and contracts receivable represent amounts owed to the Council under a grant award or contract with a provider of federal, state, or local funds; such amounts being measurable and available as of year-end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 5 - Government Grants and Contracts (Continued)

Government grants and contracts receivable at yearend, consist of reimbursements for expenses incurred under the following programs:

 NSIP
 \$ 2,862

 Title III E
 3,931

 Total
 \$ 6,793

Note 6 - Changes in Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Capital Assets	<u> 07-01-04</u>	Increases	Decreases	06-30-04
Automotive	\$ 34,346 \$	33,549	\$ \$	67,895
Furniture				
& equipment	6,529	-	-	6,529
Recreation				
equipment	5,495	-	-	5,495
Building	-	20,000	-	20,000
Other equipment_	13,95 <u>9</u>	5,035		18,994
Subtotal _	60.329	58,584		118,913
Accumulated Depr	eciation:			
Vehicles	28,908	9,031	_	37.939
Furniture	20,700	3,001		
& Equipment	6,529	_	_	6,529
Recreation				
equipment	5,495	-	-	5,495
Building	_	237	-	237
Other equipment	13,959	1,154		15,113
Subtotal	54,691	10,422		65,313
Net Assets	\$ 5,438 \$	48,162	ş <u>-</u>	\$ 53,600

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 6 - Fixed Assets - Continued

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Administration	\$ 1,391
Title III B	3,612
C-2 Home Delivered Meals	5,419
Total depreciation expense for	
governmental activities	\$ 10,422

Note 7 - Board of Directors' Compensation

The Board of Directors is a voluntary board; therefore, no compensation has been paid to any member. However, board members are reimbursed for any out-of-pocket costs they might incur on behalf of the council in accordance with the Council's applicable reimbursement policy.

Note 8 - Income Tax Status

The Council, a non-profit corporation, is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and as an organization that is not a private foundation as defined in Section 509(a) of the Code. It is also exempt from Louisiana income tax.

Note 9 - Economic Dependency

The Council receives the majority of its revenue through grants administered by the Louisiana Governor's office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA). The grant amounts are appropriated each year by the federal and state governments. If significant budget cuts are made at the federal and/or state level, the amount of funds the Council receives could be reduced significantly and have an adverse impact on its operations. Management is not aware of any actions that will adversely affect the amount of funds the council, will receive in the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 10 - Interfund Receivables and Payables

Because the Council operates most of its programs under cost reimbursement type grants, it has to pay for costs using its General Fund money and then request reimbursement for the advanced costs under the grant programs. Such advances create short-term interfund loans in the Fund Financial Statements. A summary of these interfund loans at year end, is as follows:

	Due From Other Funds	Due to Other Funds
General Fund Special Revenue Funds:	\$ 10,814	\$ 16,858
NSIP	10,040	2,862
III E	-	3,931
Utility		
Assistance	771	_
FEMA	2,026	
Total	<u>\$ 23,651</u>	<u>\$ 23,651</u>

These loans have been eliminated as a part of the consolidation process in preparing the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council has purchased commercial insurance to cover or reduce the risk of loss that might arise should one of these incidents occur. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. No settlements were made during the current or prior three fiscal years that exceeded the Council's insurance coverage.

The Council's management has not purchased commercial insurance or made provision to cover or reduce the risk of loss, as a result of business interruption and certain acts of God, like floods or earthquakes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 12 - <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Interfund transfers to and from are listed by fund for the fiscal year as follows:

	Title	Title	Title	Title	
_	IIIB	III C-1	III C-2	<u>III E</u>	Total
Transfer From					
PCOA	\$ 20,063	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,063
General Fund	7,584	1,654	27,282		36,520
Total General	27,647	1,654	27,282		<u>56,583</u>
Special Revenu	e Funds:				
Non-Major Fund	ls:				
NSIP	_	21,303	35,204	-	56,507
Senior Center	36,289	_	-	_	36,289
Supplemental					
Sr Center	3,825				3,825
Total Special					
Revenue	40,114	21,303	35,204		96,621
Total all	\$ 67,761	\$ 22,957	\$ 62,486	\$ -	<u>\$ 153,204</u>

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and to (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

These transfers were eliminated as a part of the consolidation process in preparing the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Note 13 - Related Party Transactions

There were no significant related party transactions during the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 14 - Changes in Long-Term Debt

The only long-term debt the Council had during the year related to compensated absences. The following is a schedule of the changes in long-term debt for the accrued compensated absences:

Beginning balance -	\$ 8,684
Increases	5,780
Decreases	(5,178)
Ending balance -	9,286
Less: current portion	1,485
Total Governmental Activity Long-Term Debt	\$ 7,801

Note 15 - In-Kind Contributions

The Council received various in-kind contributions during the year. No amounts have been reflected in the accompanying financial statements for in-kind contributions in as much as the in-kind contributions do not create a nonfinancial asset.

WEBSTER COUNCIL ON AGING, INC.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted		Actual Amounts GAAP	Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	<u>Original</u>	Final_	Basis	<u>(Unfavorable)</u>	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs Transportation and Development Webster Parish Police Jury Town of Cotton Valley Contributions Miscellaneous	\$ 21,048 - 15,000 - 23,974	\$ 21,048 = 19,209	\$ 21,048 26,845 23,000 20,000 19,846 6,238	\$ 26,845 3,791 20,000 (5,917) 6,238	
Total Revenues	60,022	66,020	116,977	50,957	
EXPENDITURES Current: Personnel	_	_	703	(703)	
Fringe	_	_	1	(703)	
Travel	-	_	667	(667)	
Operating Services	-	-	5,182	(5,182)	
Operating Supplies	-	-	291	(291)	
Other Costs	-	-	1	(1)	
Capital outlay			<u>58,584</u>	(58,584)	
Total Expenditures			65,429	(65,429)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	60,022	66,020	51,548	(14,472)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	_	_	_	_	
Transfers out	<u>(60,022</u>)	(66,020)	(56,583)	9,437	
Total other financing sources and uses	(60,022)	<u>(66,020</u>)	<u>(56,970</u>)	9,437	
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	-	-	(5,035)	(5,035)	
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of year,	<u>356,461</u>	356,461	356,461		
End of year	<u>\$356,461</u>	\$356,461	\$ 351,426	\$(5,035)	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Supportive Services Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted Original		Actual Amounts GAAP Basis	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs Public Support	\$ 97,281 15,000	\$ 97,281 \$ 12,300	97,281 13,225	\$ - 925
Total Revenues	112,281	109,581	110,506	925
EXPENDITURES Current: Personnel	118,128		113,793	(941)
Fringe Travel Operating Services Operating Supplies Other Costs	9,202 6,761 31,020 11,663 82	8,781 7,074 34,331 13,674 83	8,739 7,047 35,070 13,535 83	42 27 (739) 139
Total Expenditures			178,267	(1,472)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(64,575</u>)	<u>(67,214</u>)	<u>(67,761</u>)	(547)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	64,575	67,214	67,761	547
Total other financing sources and uses	64,575	67,214	67,761	547
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	~	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES Beginning of year				
End of year	\$	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ <u>-</u>

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title III C-1 Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted A		Actual Amounts GAAP Basis	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES Intergovernmental					
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs Public Support		\$ 87,932 \$ 	87,932 22,492	\$ - 192	
Total Revenues	114,682	110,232	110,424	192	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Personal	51,208	47,212	48,517	(1,305)	
Fringe	3,989	3,674	3,468	206	
Travel	350	751	798	(47)	
Operating Services	9,703	10,564	10,960	(396)	
Operating Supplies	1,289	2,602	2,598	4	
Other Costs	435	432	432	, -	
Meals	<u>73,160</u>	<u>66,300</u>	66,608	<u>(308</u>)	
Total Expenditures	140,134	131,535	133,381	(1,846)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(25,452</u>)	<u>(21,303</u>)	<u>(22,957</u>)	(1,654)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	25,452	21,303	22,957	1,654	
Transfers out					
Total other financing sources and uses	25,452	21,303	22, 9 57	1,654	
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	-	-	-	~	
FUND BALANCES Beginning of year	_		<u> </u>		
End of year	ė _	ć _	e _	e .	
pur or lear	y	3		<u> </u>	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title III C-2 Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2005

	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts GAAP Basis	Variance with <u>Final Budget</u> Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs Public Support	\$ 95,801 26,000	\$ 95,801 \$ 23,300	95,801 24,512	\$ 1,212
Total Revenues		119,101	120,313	1,212
EXPENDITURES Current: Personnel Fringe Travel Operating Services Operating Supplies Other Costs Meals Capital outlay Total Expenditures	60,668 4,726 13,362 9,249 1,482 451 84,000	4,966 13,433	61,603 5,026 13,520 12,018 2,948 456 87,228	2,224 (60) (87) 102 (49) - (3,228)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(62,600)	(62,486)	114
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses	52,137 	62,600	62,486	(114)
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances		-	-	-
FUND BALANCES Beginning of year				
End of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	ş <u>-</u>

Combining Statement of Program Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	A	rea gency dmin				Senior Center		
REVENUES					_			
Intergovernmental:								
Governor's Office of								
Elderly Affairs	\$ 2	7,251	\$ 4,	329	\$	32,837	\$	36,289
Federal Emergency								
Food & Shelter		-		-		-		_
Public Support:								
Restricted - Utility								
Programs		_		-		-		_
Client Contributions					_	2,683		
Total revenues		<u>27,251</u>		329	_	35,520	_	36,289
EXPENDITURES								
Salaries		18,400		814		25,808		_
Fringe		1,410		63		2,086		_
Travel		24		1		1,816		_
Operating services		6,118		258		3,114		-
Operating supplies		1,252	3	3,029		2,679		_
Other costs		47		164		17		-
Meals		-		-		_		-
Utility assistance		-		-		-		_
Capital outlay								
Total expenditures		<u>27,251</u>		,329		35,520		
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over								
expenditures		-		-		-		36,289
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in		-		_		_		
Operating transfers out				-				(36,289)
					_		_	
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues and other								
sources over								
expenditures and								
other uses		-		_		_		-
FUND BALANCES								
Beginning of year								
End of year	\$		\$		\$		<u>\$</u>	

NSIP	FEMA	Audit	Utility <u>Assistance</u>	Supple. Senior Center	Totals
\$ 37,180	- \$	2,452	\$ -	\$ 3,825 \$	144,163
-	2,000		-	-	2,000
			4,645	<u>-</u>	4,645 2,683
37,180	2,000	2,452	4,645	3,825	153,491
- - - - - - - -	1,000	2,452 - - - - - 2,452	6,211	- - - - - - -	45,022 3,559 1,841 11,942 7,960 228 - 6,211 - 76,763
37,180	1,000	~	(1,566)	3,825	76,728
				<u>(3,825</u>)	_ <u>(96,621</u>)
(19,327)	1,000	-	(1,566)	_	(19,893)
29,367	1,026		- 		32,730
<u>\$ 10,040 \$</u>	2,026		<u>\$ 771</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 12,837</u>

Statement of General Fixed Assets and Changes in General Fixed Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		alance June 30, 2004	Ado	ditions	<u>Delet</u>	tions		lance une 30, 2005
-			<u> </u>					
General Fixed Assets, at cost	:							
Automotive	\$	34,346	\$	33,549	\$	-	\$	67,895
Furniture and equipment		6,529	•	_		_		6,529
Recreation equipment		5,495		_		_		5,495
Building		_		20,000		-		20,000
Other equipment		13,959	_	5,035	·	-		18,994
Total	<u>\$</u>	60,329	<u>\$</u>	58,584	\$	_	\$	118,913
Investment in General Fixed As	sset	cs:						
PCOA	\$	10,728	\$	31,739	\$	_	\$	42,467
DOTD	·			26,845		_		26,845
Local		47,091		· –		_		47,091
Title III E Caregiver		<u>2,510</u>						2,510
Total	\$	60,329	<u>\$</u>	58,584	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	118,913



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc. Minden, Louisiana

I have audited the financial statements of Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc. Louisiana as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, and have issued my report thereon dated July 22, 2005. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc.'s financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Webster Voluntary Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, I noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that I consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to my attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in my judgment, could adversely affect Webster Voluntary Council on

Aging, Inc's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding # 2005-1.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, I consider Finding #1 to be a material weakness.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors, and applicable federal and state cognizant agencies and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than the specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Certified Public Accountant

Mayba O. Milleran

July 22, 2005

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

June 30, 2005

FINDING 2005-1:

<u>Criteria:</u> The segregation of duties is inadequate to provide effective internal control.

Cause: The cause is due to economic and space limitations.

Recommendation: No action is recommended.

Management's Corrective Action Plan: We concur with the finding.

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings

June 30, 2005

PRIOR YEAR FINDING # 2004-1: The segregation of duties is inadequate to provide effective internal control.

CORRECTIVE ACTION TAKEN:

None was recommended and none was taken.

PRIOR YEAR FINDING # 2004-2:

The Council is not performing reassessments for C-2 participants on a timely basis.

STATUS: Resolved.